## WHAT IS CLAIMED IS:

- 1. An apparatus for detecting a biological target, , the apparatus comprising:
- a) a support surface;
- b) glycopolymers, able to bind with surface target-associated molecular patterns of the
- 4 target, coating the support surface; and
- 5 c) transduction means for detecting a binding event between the glycopolymers and the
- 6 glycoconjugates.
- 1 2. The apparatus of claim 1 wherein the support surface is selected from a group consisting of
- 2 (A) an ELISA plate, (B) a plate for surface acoustic wave measurement, (C) a surface on a
- 3 quartz crystal microbalance, (D) a surface on a transduction means sensitive to changes in mass,
- 4 (E) a surface on an electrochemical device, (F) a surface on an ion sensitive electrode, (G) a
- 5 surface on an ion selective field effect transistor, (H) a surface on a light emitting surface, and
- 6 (I) a surface on an optically active surface.
- 1 3. The apparatus of claim 1 wherein the glycopolymers are carbohydrates appended to
- 2 polymers.
- 1 4. The apparatus of claim 1 wherein the glycopolymers are sugar molecules conjugated with
- 2 covalent linking.
- 1 5. The apparatus of claim 4 wherein the covalent linking uses ester or amide bonding.
- 1 6. The apparatus of claim 1 wherein the glycopolymers are sugar molecules linked, through
- 2 ionic or other non-covalent interactions, with conjugating molecules.
- 7. The apparatus of claim 6 wherein the conjugating molecules are selected from a group of
- 2 conjugating molecules consisting of (A) small molecular bifunctional linkers, (B) small
- molecular multifunctional linkers, (C) tethers, (D) dendrimers of various generations, (E)
- 4 synthetic macromolecules, and (F) natural macromolecules.
- 1 8. The apparatus of claim 3, wherein the polymers are polyacrylamide (PAA).

- 9. The apparatus of claim 1 wherein the glycopolymers are fluorescent.
- 1 10. The apparatus of claim 1 wherein the glycopolymers are multivalent.
- 1 11. The apparatus of claim 1 wherein the glycopolymers are monovalent.
- 1 12. The apparatus of claim 1 wherein the glycopolymers are polyvalent.
- 1 13. The apparatus of claim 1 wherein the means for detecting a binding event is antibody color
- 2 detection.
- 1 14. The apparatus of claim 1 wherein the biological target is a bacterial spore.
- 1 15. The apparatus of claim 1 wherein the biological target is *Bacillus cereus* spores.
- 1 16. The apparatus of claim 15 wherein the target-associated molecular patterns include at least
- 2 two of Gal α 1-3 GalNAc α-PAA-flu, Gal β 1-4 Glc β-PAA-flu.
- 1 17. The apparatus of claim 1 wherein the target is *Bacillus thuringiensis* spores.
- 1 18. The apparatus of claim 17 wherein the target-associated molecular patterns include at least
- 2 two of Fuc α 1-4 GlcNAc β-PAA-flu, Fuc α1-3 GlcNAc β-PAA-flu.
- 1 19. The apparatus of claim 1 wherein the target is *Bacillus subtilis* spores.
- 1 20. The apparatus of claim 19 wherein the target-associated molecular patterns at least two of
- 2 GlcNAc  $\beta$  1-4 GlcNAc  $\beta$ -PAA-flu, Gal  $\beta$ 1-3 Gal  $\beta$ -PAA-flu.
- 1 21. The apparatus of claim 1 wherein the target is *Bacillus pumilus* spores.
- 1 22. The apparatus of claim 21 wherein the target-associated molecular patterns include at least
- 2 two of Gal β1-3 GalNAc β-PAA-flu, Gal α1-3GalNAc α-PAA-flu.

- 1 23. A method for fabricating a glycoconjugate sensor for sensing a target, the method
- 2 comprising:
- a) coating a support surface with glycopolymers able to bind with target-associated
- 4 molecular patterns on a surface of the target; and
- b) incorporating means to detect a binding event between target-associated molecular
- 6 patterns on the surface of the target and the glycopolymers.
- 1 24. The method of claim 23 wherein the surface target-associated molecular patterns are
- 2 identified by fluorophore assisted carbohydrate electrophoresis analysis.
- 1 25. The method of claim 24 further comprising identifying carbohydrate binding partners able
- 2 to bind with the target-associated molecular patterns.
- 1 26. The method of claim 23 wherein the support surface is an ELISA plate.
- 1 27. The method of claim 23 wherein the glycopolymers are carbohydrates appended to
- 2 polymers, and wherein the polymers are polyacrylamide (PAA).
- 1 28. The method of claim 23 wherein the glycopolymers are fluorescent.
- 1 29. The method of claim 23 wherein the glycopolymers are multivalent.
- 1 30. The method of claim 23 wherein the glycopolymers are monovalent.
- 1 31. The method of claim 23 wherein the glycopolymers are polyvalent.
- 1 32. The method of claim 23 wherein the support surface is an ELISA plate, and
- 2 wherein the act of coating a support surface includes
- i) coating wells of an ELISA plate with glycopolymers;
- 4 ii) incubating the coated plate;
- 5 iii) washing the incubated coated plate;
- 6 iv) blocking the washed, incubated, coated plate; and
- 7 v) incubating the blocked plate.

- 1 33. The method of claim 23 wherein the target is *Bacillus cereus* spores.
- 1 34. The method of claim 33 wherein the glycopolymers include at least two of Gal  $\alpha$  1-3
- 2 GalNAc  $\alpha$ -PAA-flu, Gal  $\beta$  1-4 Glc  $\beta$ -PAA-flu.
- 1 35. The method of claim 23 wherein the target is *Bacillus thuringiensis* spores.
- 1 36. The method of claim 35 wherein the glycopolymers include at least two of Fuc  $\alpha$  1-4
- 2 GlcNAc β-PAA-flu, Fuc α1-3 GlcNAc β-PAA-flu.
- 1 37. The method of claim 23 wherein the target is *Bacillus subtilis* spores.
- 1 38. The method of claim 37 wherein the glycopolymers include at least two of GlcNAc  $\beta$  1-4
- 2 GlcNAc β-PAA-flu, Gal β1-3 Gal β-PAA-flu.
- 1 39. The method of claim 23 wherein the target is *Bacillus pumilus* spores.
- 1 40. The method of claim 39 wherein the glycopolymers include at least two Gal β1-3 GalNAc
- 2 β-PAA-flu, Gal α 1-3GalNAc α -PAA-flu.
- 1 41. A method for detecting target entities in solution, the method comprising:
- a) exposing a sensor coated with glycopolymer substrate to a solution containing targets
- 3 with target-associated molecular patterns on their surfaces;
- b) allowing specific binding between the target-associated molecular patterns on the
- 5 surface of the target and glycopolymers of the sensor to occur; and
- 6 c) identifying specific binding, if any, between the target-associated molecular patterns
- on the surfaces of the targets and the glycopolymers of the sensor.
- 1 42. The method of claim 41 wherein the act of identifying specific binding is based on a
- 2 colorimetric reaction.
- 1 43. The method of claim 42 wherein the colorimetric reaction is quantifiable by
- 2 spectrophotometric analysis.

- 1 44. The method of claim 41 wherein the sensor is an ELISA glycoconjugate sensor.
- 1 45. The method of claim 41 wherein the specific binding is a carbohydrate interaction with the
- 2 target.
- 1 46. A product for recognizing target entities in solution, the product comprising:
- a) a support surface;
- 3 b) glycopolymers, able to bind with target-associated molecular patterns on a surface of
- 4 the target, coating the support surface.
- 1 47. The product of claim 46 wherein the support surface is an ELISA plate.
- 1 48. The product of claim 46 wherein the glycopolymers are carbohydrates appended to
- 2 polymers.
- 1 49. The product of claim 48 wherein the polymers are polyacrylamide (PAA).
- 1 50. The product of claim 46 wherein the glycopolymers are fluorescent.
- 1 51. The product of claim 46 wherein the glycopolymers are multivalent.
- 1 52. A system for detecting a biological target is solution, the system comprising:
- a) a solution including glycopolymers, able to bind with target-associated molecular
- 3 patterns on a surface of the target; and
- b) transduction means for detecting a binding event between the glycopolymers and the
- 5 target-associated molecular patterns.
- 1 53. The system of claim 52 wherein the glycopolymers are fluorescent.
- 1 54. The system of claim 52 wherein the glycopolymers are multivalent.
- 1 55. The system of claim 52 wherein the glycopolymers are monovalent.

- 1 56. The system of claim 52 wherein the glycopolymers are polyvalent.
- 1 57. The system of claim 52 wherein the biological target is a bacterial spore.
- 1 58. The system of claim 52 wherein the biological target is *Bacillus cereus* spores.
- 1 59. The system of claim 58 wherein the glycopolymers include at least two of Gal  $\alpha$  1-3
- 2 GalNAc α-PAA-flu, Gal β 1-4 Glc β-PAA-flu.
- 1 60. The system of claim 52 wherein the target is *Bacillus thuringiensis* spores.
- 1 61. The system of claim 60 wherein the glycopolymers include at least two of Fuc  $\alpha$  1-4
- 2 GlcNAc β-PAA-flu, Fuc α1-3 GlcNAc β-PAA-flu.
- 1 62. The system of claim 52 wherein the target is *Bacillus subtilis* spores.
- 1 63. The system of claim 62 wherein the glycopolymers include at least two of GlcNAc β 1-4
- 2 GlcNAc β-PAA-flu, Gal β1-3 Gal β-PAA-flu.
- 1 64. The system of claim 52 wherein the target is *Bacillus pumilus* spores.
- 1 65. The system of claim 64 wherein the glycopolymers include at least two of Gal β1-3 GalNAc
- 2 β-PAA-flu, Gal α 1-3GalNAc α -PAA-flu.
- 1 66. The method of claim 41 further comprising:
- d) generating a binding curve from identified specific bindings, if any, between the
- 3 target-associated molecular patterns on the surface of the target and the glycopolymers of
- 4 the sensor; and
- 5 e) identifying the target using the generated binding curve.
- 1 67. The method of claim 41 wherein the sensor coated with glycopolymer substrate includes a
- 2 number of areas, each area having a glycopolymer with a different concentration of
- 3 glycoconjugates.

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- 1 68. The method of claim 41 wherein the sensor coated with glycopolymer substrate includes a
- 2 number of areas, each area having a glycopolymer with a serially diluted concentration of
- 3 glycoconjugates.
- 1 69. The apparatus of claim 1 wherein the target-associated molecular patterns are
- 2 glycoconjugates.
- 1 70. The method of claim 23 wherein the target-associated molecular patterns are
- 2 glycoconjugates.
- 1 71. The method of claim 41 wherein the target-associated molecular patterns are
- 2 glycoconjugates.
- 1 72. The product of claim 46 wherein the target-associated molecular patterns are
- 2 glycoconjugates.
- 1 73. The system of claim 52 wherein the target-associated molecular patterns are
- 2 glycoconjugates.